

Weather Forecast:

Fair Tonight and
Wednesday

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HOME
EDITION

BRITISH WIN NAVAL VICTORY

TAKING 300 GERMAN PRISONERS INTO CAMP



A scene in the village of Pau, France, where the entire population has turned out to witness with considerable interest a column of 300 war prisoners escorted by French soldiers to the French camp for war prisoners.

EMDEN, SCOURGE OF SEAS, IS SUNK KOENIGSBERG IS DRIVEN ASHORE

NEW REPULSE BARS GERMANS FROM OCEAN; BATTLE RAGES

Fighting Continues With Unabated Violence in Northern France—Allies Make Marked Gains Near Ypres.

PARIS, Nov. 10.—Repulse of the German advance in the regions of Bixschote, Ypres, and Armentieres was announced in today's official communiqué. It was declared that fighting continues with unabated violence between Armentieres and the sea, both sides clashing in offensive movements. South of Ypres, French success in repulsing the German offensive was particularly marked.

Elsewhere along the battlefield, the statement declared, there were few changes. At the war office it is declared the German offensive has been reduced to a mass of minor attacks. Public buildings have been sent crashing down before the shells of the attacking forces. The cathedral of St. Martin is reported badly damaged. There is little doubt that the fighting about Ypres, which has been in progress almost constantly for nearly two weeks, may prove the most deadly of the war to date. Heavy losses have been suffered by the British and French forces. The German advance has been checked, and the Allies are endeavoring to carry the attack trenches by sheer force of numbers.

Russia Is Cleared of All German Troops Now

PETERSBURG, Nov. 10.—All Russian territory is now cleared of Germans. This is the claim of the Russian war office today as additional reports arrive telling of the mighty sweep of the forces of the czar as they press onward into East Prussia, Posen, and Galicia.

With heavy losses having already fallen in the north, the Russian transport divisions are now equipped with (Continued on Page Two.)

PLAZA COMMISSION TO BE NAMED SOON

President Indicates He Will Dispose of Appointments Not Later Than Tomorrow.

In an effort to jog the White House into action on the appointment of the new plaza awards commission, Francis S. Carmody, chairman of the property owners' committee, called at the White House this morning and learned that the appointments would be made not later than tomorrow.

In talking today with callers, the President indicated the same thing, and showed that he was anxious to dispose of the appointments as soon as possible.

Mr. Carmody also made tentative arrangements with his father-in-law, William E. Charles, ninety-two years of age, to shake hands with the President at the White House.

Mr. Charles has shaken hands with every President of the United States since Tyler.

Imported Back Panel. A Cigar With Inevitable reputation for quality—Adv.

Carranza Agrees To Yield Presidency

Mexican First Chief Ready to Step Down Provided President Gutierrez Replaces Villa as Commander of the North—Peace Looked For.

Administration officials, who awaited the turn of Mexican events with gravest anxiety today after receiving news of Carranza's defiance of Villa and the Aguas Calientes convention, breathed easier this afternoon when a statement was given out at constitutionalist headquarters in Washington which showed Carranza had backed down from his defiant position.

Six hours before the time set for the final clash of authority between Villa and Carranza, telegraphic advices were received in Washington that Carranza had agreed to step down in favor of some new leader named by the convention, who shall succeed Villa in command of the northern army.

READY TO RESIGN.

The message to the constitutionalists is believed to indicate Carranza's readiness to retire today, without hostilities. In favor of Gutierrez, providing assurances are given by the Aguas Calientes body that Gutierrez will succeed Villa as commander in the north. Great hope for peaceful settlement of the dispute in view of Carranza's willingness to efface himself is expressed by the junta members.

The message to the constitutionalist junta, sent last night from Cordoba, was as follows: "The first chief conferred today with Generals Obregon, Villalaz, Hay and Huanuco. Carranza informed them that while he was not bound in any way to recognize the validity of the convention's actions or desired to give them formal recognition, that he was prompted by the feelings of patriotism to turn over the executive power of the nation and the chief command of the constitutionalist forces to any man named by the convention to govern for a definite period of time. Carranza refused to join the committee that would govern the republic in a like manner as the others.

Peace Looked For.

Carranza's new proposition came at a time when everything pointed to a "show down" at 6 o'clock tonight. Carranza had been given until that time to offer his resignation to the Aguas Calientes convention. Gutierrez, it was announced, would be sworn in at that hour. Carranza's reply to the demand for his resignation was a counter-demand for the immediate adjournment of the Aguas Calientes convention and for the return to their commands of the generals composing it. To commanders who refused to join the committee, Carranza threatened the loss of their commissions.

That Carranza followed this with a new proposition was taken here as an indication that he could not obtain the backing of the generals upon whom he relied in forcing the issue against Villa and Zapata.

Washington believes that the next announcement will be of the restoration of Carranza as "first chief," as it is considered here that he has played his last card and lost.

Anarchy in Mexico City As Rivals Threaten War

VERA CRUZ, Nov. 10.—Mob rule is imminent in Mexico City. Open outbreaks of anarchy, nature and signs of unusual violence by crowds of constitutionalists are spreading terror, according to political refugees reaching here today.

One of these reports said that a mob had threatened the National Bank of Mexico in the course of a demonstration. Other reports, which are not given credence, state that the bank has been sacked.

Refugees of many political com-

CRUISER SENT TO GRAVE ON COCOS ISLANDS AFTER BATTLE

Australian Naval Vessel Ends Career of Sensational Commerce Destroyer—Was Sought by Large Fleet.

By ED. L. KEEN.

LONDON, Nov. 10.—The cruiser Emden, German "scourge of the seas," whose sensational raids upon British shipping and even upon the allies' warships, have been a constant source of humiliation to the British admiralty, is no more.

Finally forced into battle by the Australian cruiser, Sydney, the Emden was sent ashore, on fire from stem to stern. Her grave is on the Keeling, sometimes known as the Cocos Islands, in the Indian ocean, 500 miles south of Sumatra, where she was driven by the Sydney after a sharp fight.

The news of the destruction of the Emden was announced by the admiralty today. Almost at the same time came word of another British victory on the sea when it was announced that the German protected cruiser Koenigsberg had been driven into port in Rufiji Island, off German East Africa.

The British cruiser Chatham ran down the Koenigsberg, and the admiralty declared the German vessel had probably been driven ashore.

Picturesque Career.

It is believed that the loss of life aboard the Emden must have been heavy. She carried a crew of 225 men. In the destruction of the German vessel, the sinking of the Russian cruiser Zemtchug and the French destroyer, Moutchug, has been avenged. Unofficial advices say the commander and most of the crew were saved.

The Emden's career has been the most picturesque in the Kaiser's navy. Commanded by Capt. Karl von Muller, she has swept the seas, capturing or sinking more than a score of merchant vessels of the allied nations, and brought her raids to a climax by boldly entering Panama Harbor, where she sank the two allied warships.

Coming on the heels of the stirring war against Lord Kitchener and Winston Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, the fleet of the Sydney in destroying the Emden raised London to a fever of enthusiasm today. The cry now is that the Good Hope and Monmouth must be avenged.

Weight of metal obviously told in the fight between the Emden and Sydney, as the Australian ship carried the heavier guns. Once on the trail of the German raider, the Sydney was not to be denied. The Emden escaped when the Australian first came in contact with her. The German lost both of her store ships, one being captured and the other sunk, but the Emden herself fled, refusing combat. The Sydney continued her pursuit, but finally overhauled her and forced her to battle.

Fleet In Search.

A fleet of at least seventy warships has been combing the seas in search of the Emden.

Always she has eluded pursuers just when it seemed she must give battle and go to her doom before heavier guns. When reported in one section, she would suddenly appear in another and capture or send some merchantman to the bottom.

That the Emden fought to the last is evidenced by the fact that the Sydney did not escape without a life for her. Three men were killed and fifteen injured.

When the Emden went ashore she was hopelessly out of commission, but the Sydney made sure of her work by firing a few more shots before drawing off. It is said the cable from the Cocos Islands had been cut by the Emden before she was destroyed.

Every officer and member of the crew of the Emden had been awarded the Iron Cross by the Kaiser for the brilliant work on the sea.

Captain von Muller and his men realized that sooner or later they must be sent to the bottom. The Emden's commander was recently quoted as declaring to the German admiralty that he knew his vessel would some time be run down and destroyed, but until that time

DISTRICT ADDED TO QUARANTINED AREA

Foot and Mouth Disease Will Be Checked as Far as Health Bureau Can Act.

The District of Columbia is to be quarantined against the foot and mouth disease of cattle, which has spread over the United States in an alarming manner.

Strict quarantine regulations are being drawn by Dr. John P. Turner, dairy inspector, and they will be promulgated by the Commissioners this afternoon, prohibiting the shipment of all cattle to or through the District of Columbia from infected States.

This action is to be taken upon the recommendation of the Bureau of Animal Industry, of the Department of Agriculture, as a precautionary measure to protect the District and aid in holding the disease in the infected areas.

Police Are Instructed.

Not only will the quarantine prevent the shipment into the District of all cattle, sheep or swine, but it will restrict the shipment of carcasses except as provided in order 22 of the Department of Agriculture, which states that hides, skins, and hoofs must have been removed. Instructions to this effect have already been given the police department.

The Police Department has been instructed to prevent also the entry of hides, skins, or hoofs of cattle, sheep or swine, or of hay, straw, and similar today, except when such products have been disinfected prior to shipment under supervision of an inspector of the Bureau of Animal Industry.

Practically all of the Eastern States north of the District, from which Washington draws a large share of its meat and dairy supplies, are now affected by the foot and mouth disease, and are quarantined against it. This situation led to the taking of stringent measures to protect not only the cattle of the District, but the people of Washington as well.

Although the disease has not appeared on any of the large number of Maryland farms shipping milk to Washington, warning was issued by the local health department today to all housewives to boil their milk as a precaution against any possible infection through the milk supply. Though orchards do not seem to be in any immediate danger, the boiling of all milk is regarded as a wise precaution.

Not Properly Pasteurized.

Much of the milk sold in the District is not properly pasteurized, the Health Department states, and the treatment which it is subjected to cannot be relied upon to destroy infection. At present, according to Dr. Woodward, the district milk supply is not known to be directly affected, but after consultation with the State Department, it was thought best to adopt every precaution. The Department of Weights and Measures and Markets has been instructed (Continued on Second Page.)

U. S. Probes Order For Submarines

Construction of Vessels for Warring Power Would Be Violation of American Neutrality, View of Administration Officials—Alabama Case Parallel.

Secretary of the Navy Daniels will investigate the report that a foreign country, whose identity is concealed, has given an order to the Fore River Shipbuilding Corporation, of Quincy, Mass., for the immediate construction of twenty submarines, at a cost of \$10,000,000. The suspicion that these vessels are to be constructed for one of the belligerent powers in the European war has raised at once the question as to whether such service by an American firm in American territory would be in violation of the neutrality laws.

CANCELLATION OF CONTRACT POSSIBLE.

It is probable that the company will be ordered to throw up the contract if it is found to be the case. The great victory won by the United States Government in the famous "Alabama Claims" case was based on our contention that England, by permitting the outfitting of Confederate privateers in England, was violating her neutrality. It is believed that the matter was thrashed out in part at today's meeting of the Cabinet.

According to the reports received from Boston, the order was turned over to the Fore River Company by the Bethlehem Steel Corporation, and apparently the contractors hope to evade the neutrality laws by turning out the vessels in section and not in completed form. This, however, in the judgment of administration officials, would not alter the fact that the service was unneutral.

Young Woman Suicide Identified at Morgue

The body of the young woman who committed suicide by jumping from the roof of a building at 62 E street northwest last Wednesday, was today identified as that of Julia Lapinska, a domestic at the Hebrew Home for Aged, Baltimore.

The identification was made at the morgue by the superintendent of the home, and was the result of persistent efforts on the part of Lee Baumgarten, president of the United Hebrew Charities, who had wide publicity given the girl's photograph among Hebrews in Baltimore.

Miss Lapinska's father, Thomas Lapinska, lives at 17 Twenty-sixth street, Brooklyn, N. Y. He was notified as soon as the body was identified, and it is expected he will make arrangements for the funeral.

When Miss Lapinska engaged the room at the E street house, she told the proprietress she was dependent because of a disagreement she had had with a Baltimore physician, to whom she was engaged.

URGE FOUNDING OF NATIONAL COLLEGE

State University Heads Discuss Fess Bill—Farm Scientists Are in Session.

Creation of a great National University in Washington and increase in agricultural production to meet foreign war conditions are the principal problems under discussion today by more than 100 leaders in agricultural research and education, gathered in Washington for the meetings of ten national associations of agricultural scientists and educators, which will run throughout the week.

Establishment of a great national university in the District is the keynote of the sessions of the nineteenth annual convention of the National Association of State Universities, which has drawn many of the leading educators of the country to the New Willard.

Postgraduate School.

Prof. William Oakes Thompson, of Ohio State University, urged it as the duty of the association and of the National Educational Association to conduct a vigorous campaign to convince members of Congress, as well as educators, that a post-graduate school to organize the educational resources of the capital and to place them at the disposal of the prepared students, would be a much more useful monument to democracy than an institution that would draw to the National Capital thousands of youths for their elementary education.

Prof. Thompson said that many Congressmen and private university heads were opposing the Fess bill for a national university.

Congressional opposition was based on the fact that the bill of Congressman Fess of Ohio provided simply for a post-graduate school, he said, while private school and university heads opposed it because of a seeming misapprehension as to the proposed seat of higher learning, as well as to the fear that its establishment would limit their own field of usefulness.

The National Association of State Universities will conclude its meetings this evening. The educators attending will participate in other sectional meetings, particularly the gathering of the Association of American Agricultural Colleges and experiment stations.

Meat Production As Factor.

This association will take up tomorrow the problems involved in increasing agricultural production. Section meetings will be given over to discussion of meat production as a factor in the progress of agriculture. Dr. A. D. Melvin, chief of the Bureau of Animal Industry, will speak on meat production in the Argentine and its effect upon the industry in the United States. Problems of meat production were also considered by the American (Continued on Second Page.)

NORWEGIAN VESSEL IS SUNK BY MINE

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Word has reached here of the sinking of the Norwegian steamship Pluton off Yarmouth. The vessel which was bound for Christiania struck a mine. Three passengers and nineteen members of the crew were rescued.

Gets \$10,000 Damages For Fractured Ankle

A verdict for \$10,000 damages was returned by a jury before Justice Gould in Circuit Court No. 1 today in favor of Thomas E. Walsh against the Washington Railway and Electric Company. Walsh was injured in a collision between two street cars at Glen Echo June 1, 1913, receiving a compound fracture of one of his ankles. The liability was admitted by the company, and the amount of the damages was left to the jury to determine.

Women Are Told How to Aid in Good Roads Move

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 10.—Discussion of how women can aid in the "good roads" movement was the feature of today's session of the National Road Congress, which is being held at the Georgia Hotel. The delegates held a "convention" of their own. E. Pennybacker, of the American Highway Association, explained why and how women can further the road movement.